

Making Monasca Monitor More: Extending Monasca's Data Gathering & Reporting Capabilities

Stefano Canepa & Domhnall Walsh

Who we are

- Stefano Canepa <<u>stefano.canepa@hpe.com</u>> aka <<u>sc@linux.it</u>> and sc on IRC
- Domhnall Walsh
 <domhnall.walsh@hpe.com>



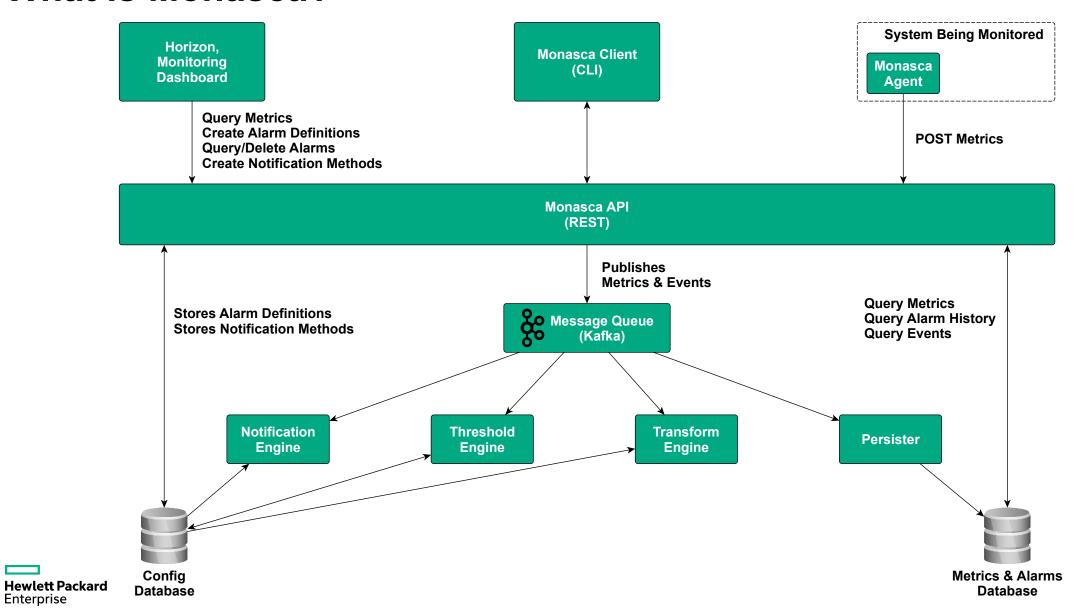
What is Monasca?

- Monasca is a "...high-performance, scalable, fault-tolerant and extensible monitoring system based on a micro-services bus architecture"
- Read all about it at http://monasca.io/
- If you have time, please complete the Monasca team's survey at https://goo.gl/1smB6i it'd help a lot!



What is Monasca?

Enterprise



Monasca Terminology

- Metric An attribute or property that we want to monitor
- Dimension A property of a metric that helps define what it applies to, e.g. hostname, role, etc.
- Event either:
 - An OpenStack event that Monasca consumes, or
 - What is raised when an alarm is triggered
- Measurement an individual value for a metric i.e. the state of that metric at a specific time
- Alarm definition
 - The rules that define when an alarm should be triggered
 - What should happen when it is triggered, i.e. what gets notified
- Alarm state
 - Several possible states ALARM, OK, UNDETERMINED
- Notification Method A mechanism that can inform something outside Monasca that an alarm triggered.

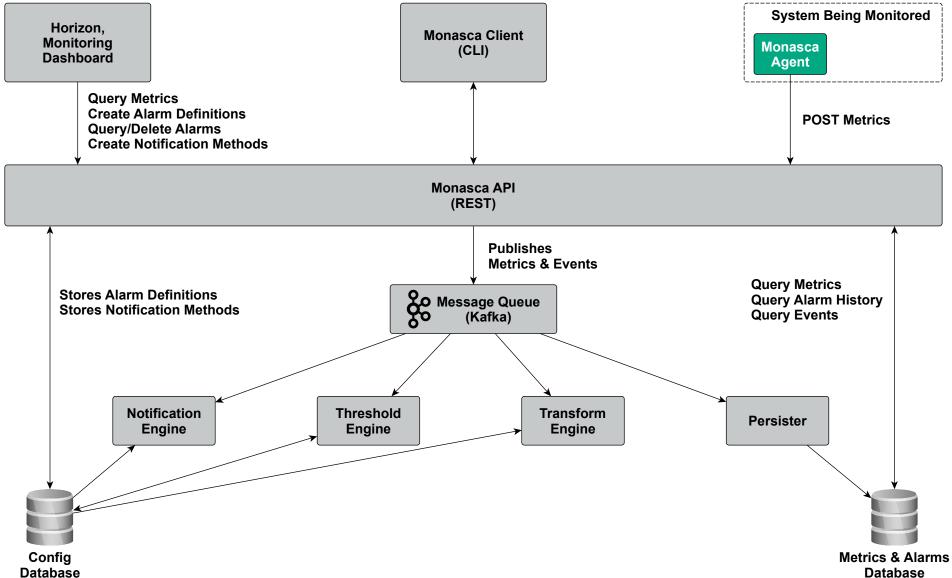


Customer Requirements

- Monitor storage clusters that were acting as Cinder back-ends
- Integrate Monasca alarms with their existing alerting system
 - Alerting system accepted input in the form of SNMP traps
- Generate reports about the status of their OpenStack cloud
- Integrate Monasca into their existing Nagios monitoring system



Monitoring Storage with Monasca



Monitoring Storage with Monasca

- Tasks at hand:

- Determine what data needed to be collected
- Find out how to access that data
- Store that data in Monasca in the form of Metrics
- Monasca uses an agent for monitoring
 - We can extend that agent with plugins



Monasca Agent

- Installed on every node that needs to monitor (or be monitored)
- Collects data from:
 - statsd interface to various applications
 - Checks
- Checks are just plugins
 - Many included out of the box
 - Custom checks can be added

Monasca Agent Plugins

- Types:

- Detection: detects, configures and activates check plugins
- Check: perform checks on other applications, servers, or services

– How they are run:

- Detection
 - When Monasca Agent starts up
 - When Monasca Agent is reconfigured (using monasca-setup), or...
 - When explicitly invoked by monasca-setup (using -d <plugin name>)
- Check: On a regular schedule, configurable for each plugin



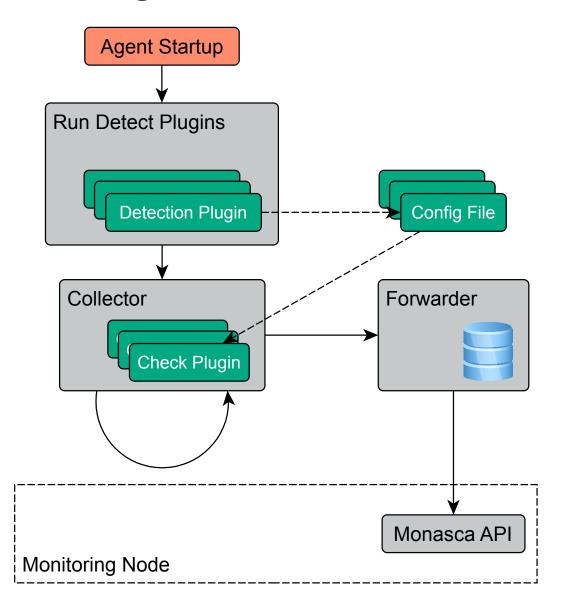
Our Solution

- Our storage cluster (HPE VSA StoreVirtual) featured two APIs
 - HTTP REST
 - Command-line via SSH with XML output
- Each API provides only a subset of the required data
 - REST API fast but lacking performance data
 - Command line interface (SAN/iQ) can produce performance data, but task is resource intensive
- Solution: Use both = two check plugins, one per API
 - Plugins can be run at different intervals for flexible configuration
- One "master" source of config data to set up both checks:
 - A list of clusters to monitor ("instances")
 - Credentials for each one
- Single detection plugin creates configuration files for both check plugins

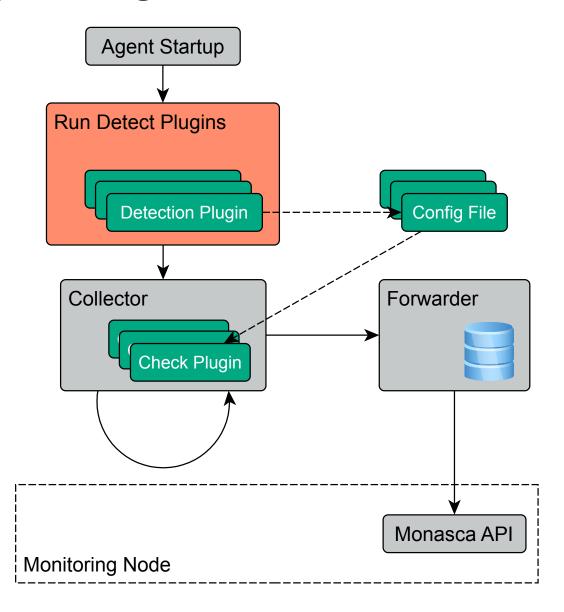


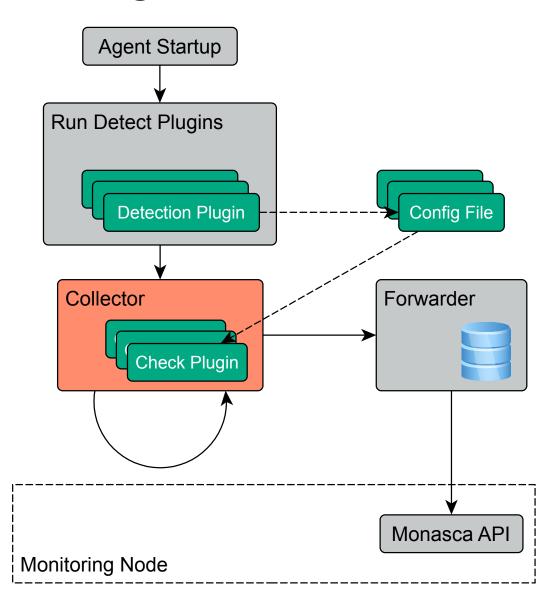
Our Solution

- Normally, Monasca Agent monitors locally the node it lives on
 - In this case, we are checking a remote system, so have two points of failure
- Run multiple instances for redundancy
 - Checks are resource intensive, so elect one node to run checks at any given time
 - (Slight cheat...) Only run if ZooKeeper on same node is "leader" (not "follower")
 - To Do replace ZooKeeper dependency with own election process
- Tune configuration to balance appliance load from monitoring against frequency of measurement

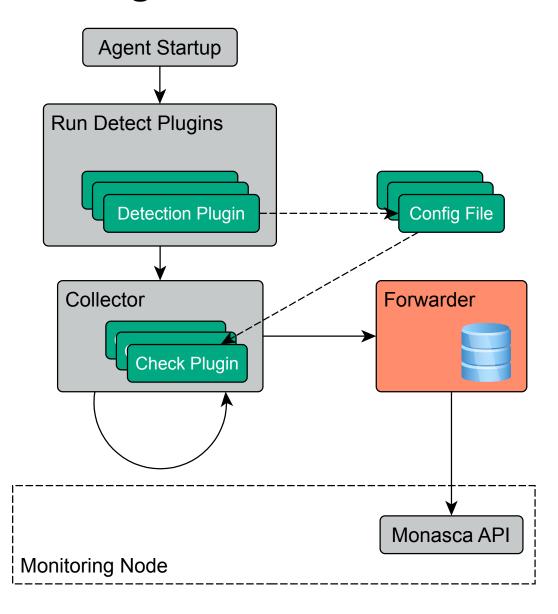




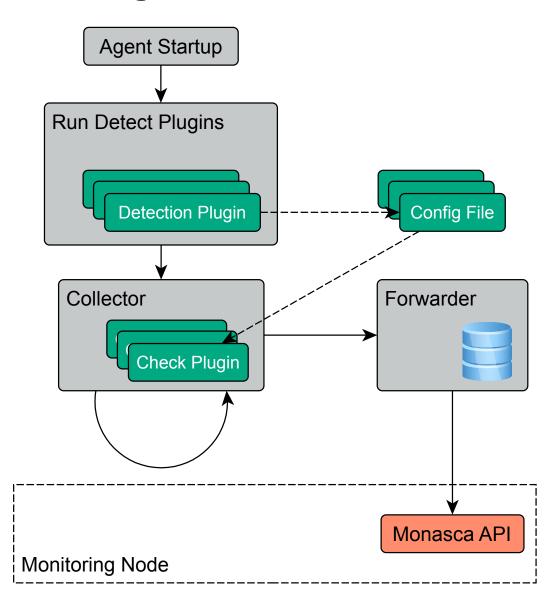














Monasca Agent File Locations

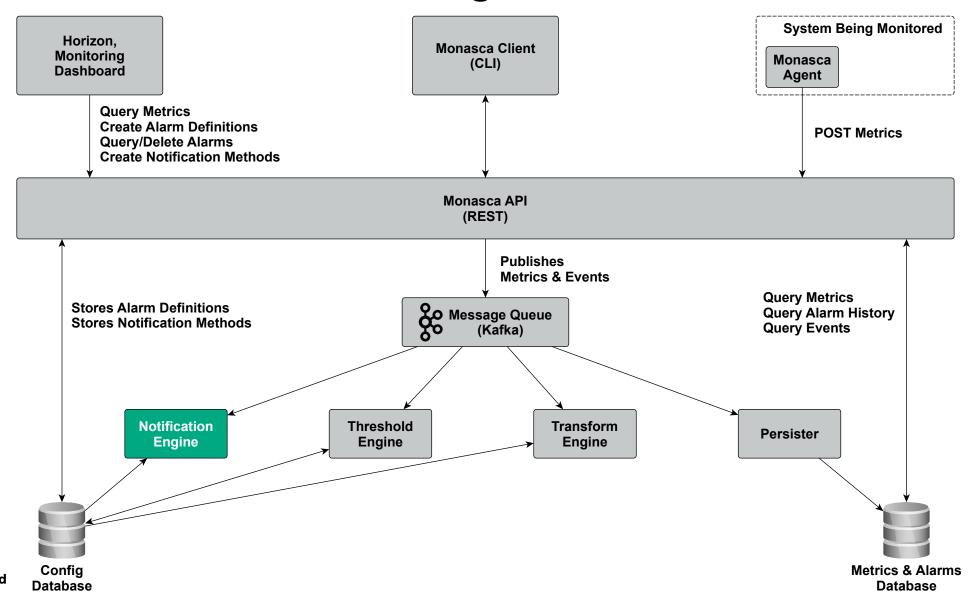
- -/etc/monasca/agent Agent files
 - (...) /agent.conf Master configuration file for the agent.
 - (...) /conf.d Config files for check plugins
 Each file is matched to a check plugin of the same name
- -/usr/lib/monasca/agent/ Plugin files
 - (...) /custom_checks.d Custom check plugins
 - (...) /custom detect.d Custom detection plugins

Plugin Config File Structure

– YAML, two main sections:

- init-config used to inform Monasca Agent how to run the plugin. Important settings:
 - check_frequency how often to run the check (sec)
 - collect period how often to send (buffered) data back to Monasca (sec)
- instances the items to check
 - Each must include all required data as key/value pairs, e.g. paths, login credentials, etc.

Monasca Notification Forwarding

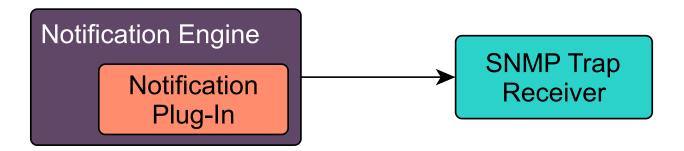


Monasca Notification Forwarding

- The old way:

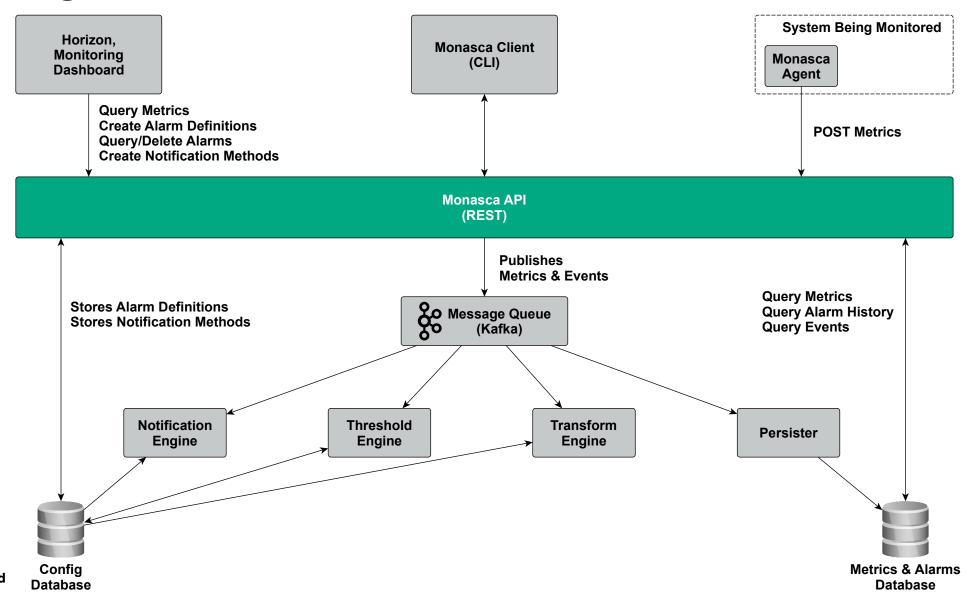


- The new way:





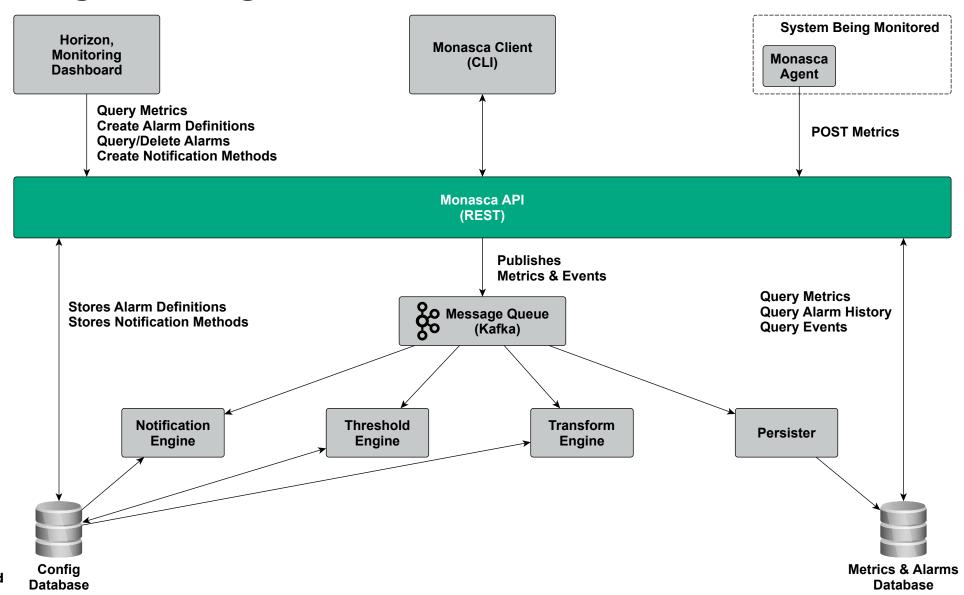
Reporting from Monasca



Reporting from Monasca

- Get input from user:
 - Start date
 - End date
 - Data to collect
- Access measurements via API
- Collect data into temporary storage
- Render data as a PDF

Integrating with Nagios



Integrating with Nagios

- Nagios (and its clones) get data by running scripts that output data
- We have two ways to interact with Monasca API:
 - Using the Python monasca-client
 - Accessing the REST API endpoints and interpreting the JSON results
- Monasca client package does all of the hard work for you
- Using the OpenStack REST APIs directly means you have to do all the work:
 - Managing Keystone tokens
 - Building API requests and parsing the results



Summary – Why is this Useful?

Agent Plugins

Enable monitoring of items that Monasca can't (yet)

Forwarder / Notification System

- If you need to hook Monasca (or just specific alarms) up to an external monitoring service

Reporting

- To generate reports <u>directly</u> from your monitoring system

Nagios Integration

Export Monasca data to existing customer monitoring solution(s)



Q & A